

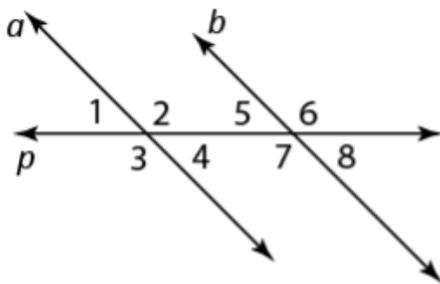
GCA #3

If $FN = 29$, what is the value of r ?



- A. 4
- B. 5
- C. 6
- D. 7

Line p intersects lines a and b . $a \parallel b$. By which theorem is $\angle 1 \cong \angle 8$?



- A. Alternate Exterior Angles Theorem
- B. Alternate Interior Angles Theorem
- C. Corresponding Exterior Angles Theorem
- D. Corresponding Interior Angles Theorem

If a number is an integer, then it is either positive or negative.

Which is the hypothesis of the conditional?

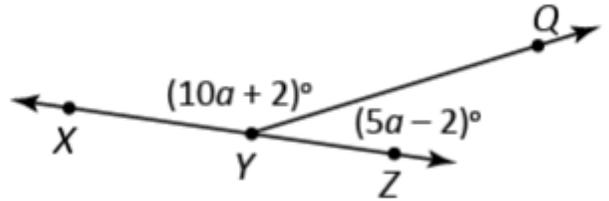
- A. A number is an integer.
- B. A number is either positive or negative.
- C. A number is both positive and negative.
- D. A number is not an integer.

Fill in the blanks.

Parallel lines are in the same , but they do not .

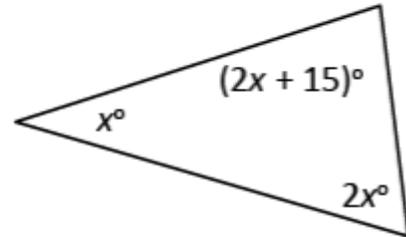
- figure
- plane
- angle
- reflection

What is $m\angle XYQ$?



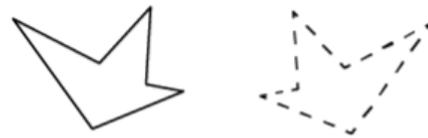
$m\angle XYQ =$ $^\circ$

What is the value of x ?



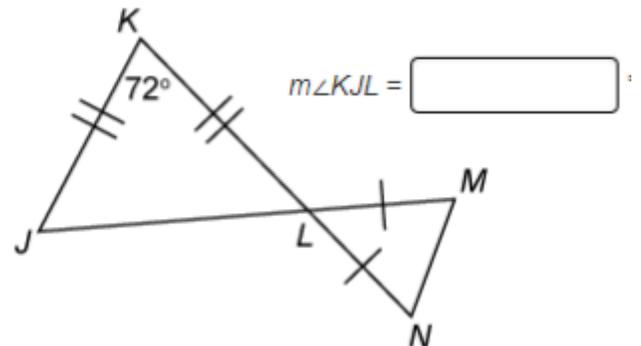
- A. 24
- B. 33
- C. 72
- D. 75

What rigid motion maps the solid-line figure onto the dotted-line figure?



- A. reflection
- B. rotation
- C. translation

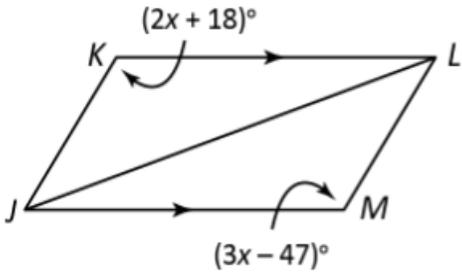
8.



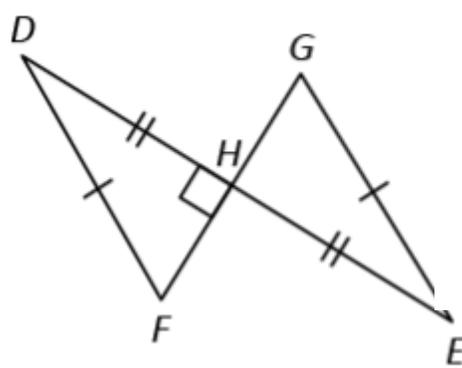
$m\angle KJL =$

- translate
- intersect
- reflect
- correspond

9. To show that $\triangle JKL \cong \triangle LMJ$ by AAS, what must be the value of x ?

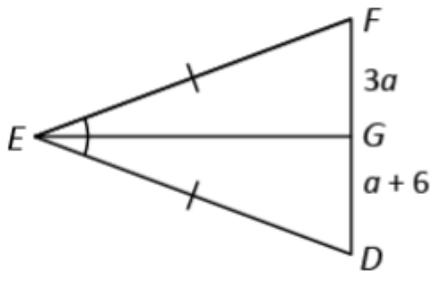


10. By which theorem can you conclude $\triangle DHF \cong \triangle EHG$?



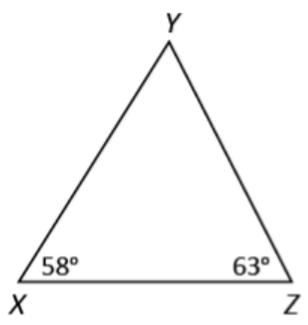
- A. ASA
- B. HL
- C. SAS
- D. SSS

11. What is the length of DF ?



$a =$
 $3a =$
 $a + 6 =$
 $DF =$

12. Which lists the sides of $\triangle XYZ$ from shortest to longest?



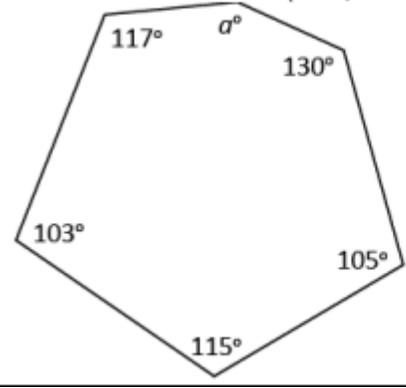
- A. $\overline{YZ}, \overline{XZ}, \overline{XY}$
- B. $\overline{XY}, \overline{XZ}, \overline{YZ}$
- C. $\overline{XZ}, \overline{YZ}, \overline{XY}$
- D. $\overline{XY}, \overline{YZ}, \overline{XZ}$

13. A triangle has two sides with lengths 31 centimeters and 39 centimeters.

Which best describes the length of the third side?

- A. less than 8 cm
- B. greater than 70 cm
- C. less than 8 cm or greater than 70 cm
- D. greater than 8 cm and less than 70 cm

14. What is the value of a ? (First, find the sum of the interior angles.)

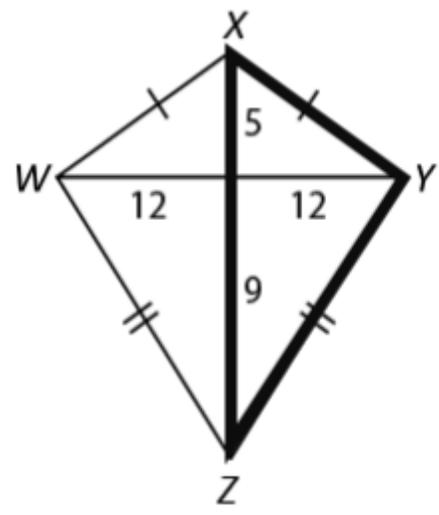


- A. 113
- B. 150
- C. 210
- D. 330

15. What is the measure of an interior angle of a regular 16-gon?

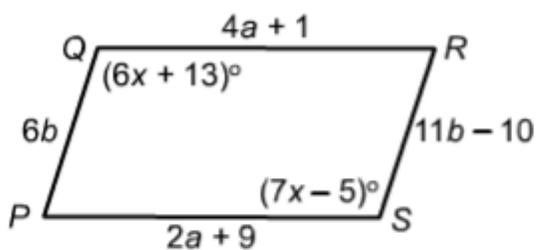
- A. 16.0°
- B. 22.5°
- C. 157.5°
- D. 205.7°

16. What is the perimeter of $\triangle XYZ$?



- A. 28
- B. 42
- C. 50
- D. 54

17. Quadrilateral $PQRS$ is shown.



What must the values of a and b be for $PQRS$ to be a parallelogram?

- A. $a = 2, b = 5$
- B. $a = 17, b = 12$
- C. $a = 4, b = 2$
- D. not enough information

18. Is each statement true for all rectangles?

Diagonals are congruent.	<input type="text" value="Choose..."/>	No or Yes
Diagonals bisect opposite angles.	<input type="text" value="Choose..."/>	No or Yes
Diagonals are perpendicular.	<input type="text" value="Choose..."/>	No or Yes

Which additional piece of information would show that quadrilateral $WXYZ$ is a rhombus?

- 19.
-
- A. $EX = EZ$
 - B. $WX \parallel YZ$
 - C. $XZ \perp WY$
 - D. $XY = WZ$

Give the most precise classification for each figure.

- 20.
-
- A. quadrilateral
 - B. parallelogram
 - C. trapezoid
 - D. kite