## Leftovers Review: Quadratic Functions

Complete each exercise set. Within each set are problems and answers however one problem will not have an answer given. Match the problem and answers then solve the remaining problem. Turn in your work and solutions for the "Leftover" problem.

| Set 1 <br> Leftover | Set 2 <br> Leftover $\qquad$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Set 3 <br> Leftover | Set 4 <br> Leftover |
| Set 5 <br> Leftover | Set 6 <br> Leftover $\qquad$ |
| Set 7 <br> Leftover | Set 8 <br> Leftover |

Card Set 1: Find the vertex of each equation.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& y=2(x-1)^{2}+6 \\
& y=x^{2}-6 x+7 \\
& y=-x^{2}+4 x-5 \\
& y=-(1 / 2) x^{2}+5 x-4.5
\end{aligned}
$$



## Answers

$(3,-2) \quad(1,5) \quad(-1,6) \quad(5,8)$

Card Set 3: Find the equation for each of the following.
equation has zeros of -2 and 4
through points $(-1,2)(0,0)$ and $(2,8)$
vertex $(1,2)$ through point $(2,3)$
$x^{2}$ shifted up 1 unit and left 2 units
$x^{2}$ shifted down 2 right 1 and reflected over the $x$-axis

## Answers

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
y=2 x^{2} & y=(x+2)^{2}+1 \\
y=(x-2)(x+4) & y=(x-1)^{2}+2 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

Card Set 2: Graph each equation.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
y=2(x-1)^{2}+3 & y=x^{2}-2 x+4 \\
y=(x-1)^{2}-4 & y=-x^{2}+6 x-7 \\
y=2 x^{2}-8 x+6 &
\end{array}
$$

Answers





Card Set 4: Solve each equation by factoring. $x^{2}+2 x-3=0$
$2 x^{2}-7 x+3=0$
$x^{2}+5 x=x-4$
$x^{2}-49=3 x+5$
$6 x^{2}+11 x-35=0$

## Answers

$$
\begin{array}{lllllll}
-7 / 2 & -3 & -2 & 1 / 2 & 1 & 5 / 3 & 3
\end{array}
$$

Card Set 5: Solve each equation by completing the square.
$5 r^{2}-12 r+18=-9 \quad v^{2}-10 v-94=-8$
$p^{2}-14 p+44=-4 \quad x^{2}+14 x+43=10$
$p^{2}-6 p-2=3$

Answers
$\{9,3\} \quad\{-3,-11\}\{3 \pm \sqrt{14}\} \quad\{5 \pm \sqrt{111}\}$

Card Set 6: Simplify each complex expression.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
(2+3 i)+(4-2 i) & (2+6 i)((5-i) \\
(7-2 i)-(3-5 i) & \frac{4+2 i}{1+3 i} \\
(3+2 i)(3-2 i) &
\end{array}
$$

Answers
$1-i \quad 4+3 i \quad 6+i \quad 16-32 i$

Card Set 8: Use the discriminant to find the
quadratic formula.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
2 b^{2}=-4-9 b & a^{2}+10=0 \\
x^{2}+7 x=8 & 3 x^{2}-3 x-4=0 \\
4 b^{2}+7 b=-9 &
\end{array}
$$

$\{-1 / 2,-4\} \quad\{ \pm i \sqrt{10}\} \quad\{1,-8\} \quad\left\{\frac{3 \pm \sqrt{57}}{6}\right\}$
number and type of solutions.
$4 a^{2}-4 a+7=6 \quad 7 x^{2}+8 x+13=4$
$4 a^{2}-4 a+7=6 \quad 7 x^{2}+8 x+13=4$
$5 m^{2}-3 m+6=5 \quad 8 n^{2}+8 n=-2$
$5 m^{2}-3 m+6=5 \quad 8 n^{2}+8 n=-2$
$-3 m^{2}+7 m+9=9$

Answers
$\begin{array}{llll}0 & -188 & 49 & -11\end{array}$

